

The Charleston Judgeship.

The Republican members of the Legislature commit a fatal error, if they suppose that only persons of wealth and influence are deeply interested in the character of the persons who may be elevated to the Bench in this State. It is true that particular citizens of high position, who have made themselves conspicuous by the persistence of their opposition to corrupt practices, may be singled out as shining marks by any Judge who is so weak or so willing that the cliques who elect him can do with him as they will. And such a Judge, may, at critical moments, exert his official power in behalf of some man or some set of men whose crimes are known, and who have no hope of escaping punishment except by staying off investigation and trial. Beyond this—the persecution of particular members of the Opposition and the protection of conspicuous thieves in the ruling party—there is nothing for any honest citizen to gain, while there is everything to lose, by the election of any as Judge who is either ignorant or corrupt, the slave of passion or the servant of party.

A Judge who can be used to-day for what seems, in a party sense, a good purpose, can be used to-morrow for a bad purpose. What Republican who opposes the Charleston Ring can have a fair trial, if he is indicted by a Ring Jury, tried by a Ring Jury, and sentenced by a Ring Judge? This danger is one which confronts every citizen. Unless the Judge be upright and learned, no man is safe. The peril to the humble citizen is more imminent than to the man of wealth. The poor man cannot employ counsel to expose the machinations of his enemies; nor can he exert a back stairs influence which, in these latter days, is potent with the aspiring Judge. The rich man has, at his command, the learning and forensic abilities which only money can buy, besides the indirect bribery of social influence and social recognition. All the way through, the rich, where courts are venal or vindictive, have advantages which the poor, because they are poor, cannot possess. The rich may escape, but the poor cannot. For the poor, and the majority of Republicans are poor, it is of the first consequence that a Judge be high-minded and capable; especially in Charleston County where party spirit has run high, and the Radicals, who constitute the Ring, have been defeated, at the polls, by the Republicans who desire Honesty and Reform.

We have no particular candidate to urge upon the attention of the General Assembly. We know that there is little hope of the election of such a man as him who, with ermine all unstained, was on Saturday gathered to his fathers. But we have the right to ask, in the name of the influential and rich, that the Judge to be chosen on Friday be a man of good standing, of irreproachable antecedents, and of respectable ability.—*News & Courier.*

How Much Was He Worth?
The following which we take from "Good Words," is well worth attentive perusal and earnest thought.—
"How much was he worth?" is a question which will come home to many heapers up of gold. Ponder it well, reader.

There is a terrible significance in the question we sometimes ask, upon the death of a wealthy man, if we only understood the real significance of the question. "How much was he worth?" we ask. And the angels might reply: "Worth? He wasn't worth anything. His money was worth something, his body is worth something as a source of fertility to the soil; but he wasn't worth anything." So we vary the question: "Yes, but how much did he leave?" It might be answered.—
"Yes, I will tell you. He had houses, lots, bonds, stocks, gold, notes, merchandise, farms; and he left them all—he carried nothing with him. Naked and destitute came he into the world, and as naked and destitute did he go the way whence he came. He carried nothing—neither land or money; nor yet did he carry with him the blessings of the poor. He left all; he carried nothing away with him."

But his neighbor has died—a man who was not known on "Change, nor in the tax list. "And what has he left?" we may say, or, perhaps, curiously ask, "What has he left nothing, but he has taken much with him. He has gone to Heaven laden with the blessings and gratitude of the poor, of the helpless, of the young, of the aged, of the widow, of the friendless, and of those whom he, by his counsels, and his acts, and his prayers, had blessed, of those whose poverty he had enlightened, whose darkness he had dispelled, whose bodies and souls he had fed." When Wilberforce died, Daniel O'Connell said, "He has gone up to heaven bearing a million broken fetters in his hand." Happy he, who leaves the world as he found it, and leaves on earth, who goes thus freighted into the other world.

PROPOSED CIVIL RIGHTS COMPROMISE.—A Washington letter says: "The advocates of the civil rights bill finding themselves confronted by the Executive veto should they persist in carrying that odious measure through Congress, are now talking of a compromise of some of the more radical features proposed in the original bill, in hopes of forcing some action before the expiration of the present Congress. As an offset to the mixed-school question they propose to set apart the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, which shall constitute an educational fund for the benefit of the colored race. The amount thus accumulated they propose shall be distributed among the States on the basis of illiteracy. Under this arrangement the States of the South would receive the largest share, and provisions would be incorporated so as to enforce in an indirect manner, at the cost of the government, what they have been frustrated in carrying through the sure destruction of the public school system of the United States. The opponents of any Congressional interference in the matter of schools, with the aid of the Democratic vote, will doubtless be able to defeat any such application of the public money. It is wisely feared that the application of the money as stated would establish a system as extravagant and glaring in corruption as the defunct Freedman's Bureau."

The Herald.

THOS. F. GRENEKER, EDITOR.

NEWBERRY, S. C.
WEDNESDAY, DEC. 16, 1874.A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.
The Herald is the highest respect a Family Newspaper devoted to the material interests of the people of this County and the surrounding counties, and as an advertising medium offers unparalleled advantages. For Terms, see first page.

The Baptist Convention.
In a notice which appeared in the last issue of this paper, relating to the recent Baptist Convention, which convened in Chester, there were some inaccuracies, for the setting right of which we are indebted to a reader of the HERALD, as follows:
The recent Convention of Baptists at Chester was not the Southern Baptist Convention, which embraces all the Southern States, but the Baptist Convention of South Carolina.

The endorsement proposed to be raised for Furman University, at Greenville, S. C., by the Convention, is two hundred thousand dollars, of which sum one hundred and eighty-five thousand has already been given in bonds, but as due allowance should be made in so large a sum for doubtful bonds, it is proposed to secure fifty thousand dollars in addition to what has already been given, by the 1st of January, 1876, so that the University may have a *bona fide* endowment of at least two hundred thousand dollars.

The commodious buildings (erected before the war) and the real estate of the University are considered well worth fifty thousand dollars. In addition to the above we have been informed that it is proposed, if the endowment fund can be raised, to throw the University open free to students for a period of ten years.

The Promised Reform.
The fair promises of reform made before the election, and the subsequent promises of Mr. Chamberlain in his inaugural have been gladly received. Hope has sprung up in every heart, and there is a disposition to extend to him that sympathy and kindness of feeling which was not accorded to his predecessors, and the withholding of which was constantly made a subject of complaint by Ex-Gov. Scott. His eminent abilities are conceded by all; it is thought that he not only sees where the reform should commence, but has the disposition to commence and carry it out. This is what the people stood ready to believe after reading his admirable inaugural, and still hope to realize.

The question now is, will all these fair promises be carried out, or was his first speech a mere show of words only intended to make an impression for a brief time. We trust the latter may not be experienced. It is said by some that he cannot go back on the party which elected him, and that those men who worked the hardest to put him in office are those who will be appointed to positions of trust and profit. This is a dangerous principle, and one which cannot be executed honestly and with justice to the people whose interests are at stake, and who to some extent at least should be considered. We trust this is not the principle which will govern Mr. Chamberlain, but that he will endeavor to do that which will subserve to the greatest good; a course which will gain him the respect and good will of the State and the gratitude of her citizens.

Clinton Items.
We gather from "Our Monthly" the following items of interest:
The walls of the Orphanage are approaching completion. They are of stone. \$8,500 are needed to pay for it. Every dollar bestowed will make the debt less.

The Clinton Church has 6 elders, 6 deacons and 3 trustees, and has one hundred members. It has a flourishing Sabbath School with 6 officers, 14 teachers, 34 scholars, and 1000 books in its library.

The High School will open its 3rd session on the 14th of January.

Two new stores opened during the past month.

Dr. Booser is very much improved by putting on a new hat.

A new horse-rack has been erected in front of S. L. West & Co.'s store.

There are nine stores in the town, respectively kept by M. S. Bailey, (dry goods), S. L. West & Co., A. Caspary, M. S. Bailey (groceries), R. N. S. Young, G. B. McCrary, C. E. Franklin, R. R. Blakey, C. M. Ferguson.

M. S. Bailey, contractor, commenced building a church for the colored people on Monday and turned the keys over to them on Thursday. It was 30x40. Quick time.

Burglars are at work at Clinton as well as in Newberry. C. M. Ferguson's store was broken into and goods and money stolen.

Our Monthly needs a few more subscribers, and we trust it will get them.

THE SCHOONIE MAGAZINE for December is received. Its contents are as usual varied and interesting, and beautifully interspersed with illustrations. Published by J. B. Daugherty & Co., Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., \$1 per annum.

Startling Record.

The Edgfield Advertiser gives the startling record of no less than eleven fires which have occurred in that County since the 20th of November, and summed up as follows:

Col. B. M. Tolbert, dwelling house, loss \$8,000; Mr. P. Blackwell, store house, barn, with corn and fodder, loss \$4,000; James Moss, gin house, cotton and cotton seed; E. W. Dowty, gin house and four bales cotton; Dr. Rushton, gin house and considerable cotton; Piper, cotton house, cotton and forage; Geo. Strother, blacksmith shop; H. Reel, barn and 125 bushels corn; Scott Allen, 8 or 9 bales cotton; John Hollingsworth, two out-buildings and two vehicles.

The Advertiser says:
"In only one of these cases is a white man suspected, and he is now in our jail. In no other case has an arrest been made."

"In the face of this state of things, it is any wonder that Col. Bacon should have introduced his Lynch Law Resolution in the Meeting of Monday last? Or that our people should have endorsed the Resolution? Of all lawless demagogues these horse-burners are certainly the most lawless. In fact, if you have this sort of lawlessness to deal with, the best way is to seize the perpetrators by the throat and waste no words upon them. Intense caution and grim patience are not always marks either of wisdom or statesmanship."

Death of Judge Dunkin.

The News and Courier records the death of the venerable B. F. Dunkin, the oldest lawyer in the State, which event occurred in Charleston, on the 5th inst. Judge Dunkin was eighty-two years of age, and was the first of those eminent men who adorned the bench of the Court of Appeals.

The sad event was not unexpected, as he had long been in feeble health. A native of Massachusetts, he was educated at Harvard College, where he graduated in the class with John Rutledge, Edward Everett, Alfred Huger and Dr. Samuel Gilman. In 1811 he removed to this State, where, for a brief period, he taught school. In the war of 1812 he served as aid upon the staff of Gen. Alston. Subsequently he applied himself to the study of the law under the direction of Col. Drayton, and, upon his admission to practice, speedily took a very high rank at the Charleston Bar. He was elected to the Legislature, where he soon rose to the speakership of the House of Representatives. In 1837 he was made Chancellor, a position which he held until he was chosen Associate Justice of the Court of Appeals. Upon the death of Chief Justice John Bledsoe O'Neale, Judge Dunkin was elected as his successor, and remained at the head of the Judiciary of South Carolina, until the changed order of things known as Reconstruction. When he laid aside the ermine, a pure man, a ripe jurist, an upright and discerning judge was lost to the bench.

Here a Little, There a Little.
The Greenville News says that nearly all the male citizens, married as well as single, were seized with heart disease last week—caused by the advent of Miss Anna Berger of the Bell Ringers. She is quite a belle. Haven't yet heard what has been the effect in Newberry.

The Methodist Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, South, convened in Greenville to-day, Wednesday, Oh, chickens!

A negro from Laurens made a trade with a citizen of Greenville for a plantation, giving forty-eight bales of cotton therefor. Sixteen bales a year. J. P. Reed, of Anderson, has been elected Judge of the 1st Circuit. Verily, he has his reward. He was elected on the first ballot, the vote for him being 103; against Whipple, 40; Baker, 10; C. D. Melton, 1; Colcock, 1; Lesesne, 1.

King Kalakoua is to be made welcome in New York.

The colored people of Memphis, Tenn., have a society, Knights Brotherhood and monumental association. The object is to discard old political ties, and cultivate permanent peace with the white people of the South. They are fully aroused to the consciousness that they have been the dupes of crafty, designing, unprincipled men, whose only object was their own aggrandizement.

The final services of the year were held at the Methodist Church on last Sunday, by Rev. Wm. Martin. Rev. J. W. Humbert, pastor of the Chester Circuit, left town last week, to attend the approaching session of the South Carolina Conference, at Greenville.

[Chester Reporter.]
The Amnesty Bill, granting full pardon, except for rape, to all persons now outside of the State for ku kluxing and similar disorders, has passed both houses of the North Carolina Legislature.

The religious services are still protracted in the Methodist Church here. Sixty persons have joined the Methodist Church and some have connected themselves with other churches in town. It is believed that one hundred and fifty persons have been converted. Meetings will be held afternoon and night through this week. Bishop E. M. Marvin is expected here on Tuesday and will preach several times during his stay. Dr. A. E. Williams is also looked for this week.

Carolina Spartan.
A very significant fact is the number of unskilled laborers out of work in Massachusetts, which is estimated to be as twenty-five to one in skilled employment.

Gov. Chamberlain delivered a speech on Thursday evening, in response to calls, which is regarded as significant.

He avowed his set purpose to stand to the pledges made for reform. What others might do or advise, he is unalterably committed to the work of reform. This is cheering. We believe he has the grit.

The Phoenix says Uncle Joe is already preparing passes for his friends over the Laurens Railroad soon to be rebuilt.

One of the best things Newberry could do is to build a road to Chester. It would pay back the investment in a very short time.

The anniversary of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held in Boston, commencing Sunday, December 6. The Missionary Secretaries, Bishops Harris, Wiley, and others, participated in the services.

Speaker Elliott was assaulted by Jack Johnson, an irate colored man, on Tuesday afternoon last. Jack was severely punished by Elliott, who it is said not only makes a good speaker in the House, but a good fighter on the street.

The re-union of the First Cavalry Brigade, Army Northern Virginia, for the purpose of organizing an association of its members, will be held in Augusta, Ga., to-day, Wednesday, December 16, at 11 o'clock. Lieutenant-General Wade Hampton will deliver an address. It will no doubt be a grand affair.

Legislative.

The General Assembly is moving along slowly. On Friday J. P. Reed was elected by joint ballot, Judge of the First Circuit. The following is a synopsis of some of the work done:

In the House, a bill to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish a new judicial election county from portions of the counties of Barnwell, Edgefield, Lexington and Orangeburg," to be known as Aiken County, and for other purposes, has been read the second time, and ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Meetez on behalf of the committee on the judiciary—A bill to abolish the office of trial justice and to provide for the election of justices of the peace, and recommended, inasmuch as this matter has been specially alluded to in the governor's message, and, under resolution of the house referred to the committee on privileges and elections, that the committee be discharged from further consideration of the bill, and that the same be referred to the committee on privileges and elections. The request was granted, and the bill so referred.

A bill authorizing and directing the county commissioners of the several counties of this State to make specific appropriations of money collected for county purposes. Recommendation favorable.

A joint resolution to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act to establish and maintain a system of free common school for the State of South Carolina." Referred to the committee on education.

Bill to establish a school for confinement, instruction and reformation of juvenile offenders, to be known as State Reform School.

Bill to provide for the registration of the electors of the State, the general elections, and the manner of conducting the same.

Bill to require parents, residing within three miles of a public school and having custody of children under the age of fifteen years, to send such children to school.

Bill to amend an act entitled "An Act requiring a bond from County Commissioners before entering upon duties of their office," was read third time, and sent to House.

Joint resolution authorizing County Commissioners of Sumter to pay claims of Sheriffs and poor of County from tax of three mills.

Bill to provide for the incorporation and government of towns and villages and for management of same, as provided in Article IV, section 9, of State Constitution.

The bills to provide for election of Justices of the Peace; to compel persons liable to poll tax to register in school districts in which they reside; to amend the Act relative to holding elections, were referred.

A bill to amend section 1 of an act entitled "An act for the better protection of land-owners and persons residing lands to others for agricultural purposes, and to amend all acts relating thereto."

House bill to abolish the office of county auditor, and to devolve the duties of county auditor upon the office of county treasurer was taken up. The bill was put upon its second reading.

Reported as duly and correctly engrossed, and reading for a third reading: Bill to repeal section 2, chapter 138, of the Revised Statutes of South Carolina, relative to arrests; joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the State of South Carolina, relative to the jurisdiction of justices of the peace.

Bill to empower mechanics to sell property left with them for repairs after one year.

Bill to prohibit all persons from bearing or carrying concealed deadly weapons on any election day or within one mile of any polling place.

J. D. Boston—A joint resolution relative to the past indebtedness of Newberry County.

A bill to shorten the session and reduce the pay of members of the General Assembly.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., CHARLESTON, S. C.—PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.—Best Standard Paper, 6c. long. Long Cloth, from 6c. up. Wrapping, 30c. up. Wool Flannel, 25c. up. Fine Dress Goods and Alpaca, 25c. up. Sheet Blankets, \$1.85 per pair up. Full lines of Jeans, Cassimeres, Cloths, Ribbons, and every variety of Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Fur, Housekeeping Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, &c. Keeping the largest and best selected stock of goods in the city, at low prices, assure our friends and the public, that by purchasing of us, by order, or personally, they will get the best and most reliable goods at the lowest prices. Samples sent on application. All retail orders over \$10 sent free of charge. Goods sent by express, or by express. Brackets Atlanta, Ga., and Jacksonville, Fla., where goods can be obtained at the same prices. 50-2.

Brief Mentions.

The Supreme Court of Ohio has just decided that sending a dun to a man on a postal card is unlawful—as well as saucy.

The American law reports now exceed two thousand volumes, and they are increasing at the rate of a hundred a year. It will take a lawyer a couple of lifetimes to read 'em by and by.

If you want to have a man for your friend never incur the ill will of his wife. Public opinion depends in a great measure on the average prejudices of womanhood.

Hon. John W. Garrett, of Maryland, and Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware, are spoken of in the newspapers as candidates for President of the United States.

President Grant's brother has been appointed military tutor for the posts on the Upper Missouri. Orville I. Grant thus secures one of the richest places in the whole Indian country.

A negro parson in the West, preaching against the love of money, concluded by saying: "And finally, brethren, you can judge what God thinks of money by the class of people he gives it to."

The Medium says that the agent of Erskine College writes that he got subscriptions, notes and money for the college in Newberry amounting to four hundred and sixteen dollars. Pretty liberal.

Gen. B. F. Butler is reported as hopeless of the success of the Republican party in 1876. Consequently, he expects to start one of his own, with a platform of protection to American industries and unlimited greenbacks.

"What shall we do with our daughters?" inquires Mrs. Livermore, and a Western Editor—an inhuman wretch—replies, "If they are like their mothers—wear false hair, corsets, and high-heeled shoes, powder and paint—wring their necks at once!"

One of the wretched lunatics confined in the poor-house of Milwaukee is a telegraph operator, and she spends most of her time in telegraphing to her husband in Ireland, her finger being worn down to the bone in her constant tappings against the wall, in her imaginary despatching.

An energetic lady in Oliveira, Iowa, laments her inability to vote. "Why, if I were a man," she said, recently, "I'd go the polls if I had to be laid on a feather bed, placed on a stone boat, and hauled by a blind ox with one leg broken, but I'd vote! Men are men when they ain't wives, and can't be driven."

Married.

At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. James Harrington, on Thursday, December 10th, 1874, by Rev. W. D. Rice, Mr. WILLIAM E. WILSON and Miss MARY A. HARRINGTON, all of Newberry, S. C.

At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. DENNIS SEARS, on Tuesday, December 9th, 1874, by Rev. W. D. Rice, Mr. R. JOHNSON and Miss MAGGIE SEARS, all of Newberry, S. C.

At the Episcopal Church, in this town, on Tuesday, the 8th inst., by the Rev. Ellison Capers, Mr. MARION BARNES, of St. Louis, Mo., and Miss MARY ANNIE, of Greenville, S. C.

New & Miscellaneous.

SANTA CLAUS
Will arrive at Chapman's Book Store on Friday or Saturday next, where he will be glad to see all his friends, old and young, every day during the following week and longer.

NEW BOOK STORE.
The proprietor of the Newberry Herald respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has opened an assortment of

BOOKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS
as well as for general reading, together with a stock of

STATIONERY,
Such as

INITIAL, LEGAL CAP, FLAT CAP, COMMERCIAL NOTE, INVITATION NOTE, LETTER, and other kinds of Paper.

ENVELOPES, INKS, PENS, PENCILS, BLOTTER PADS.

BLANK BOOKS of various kinds, PHOTOGRAPH and AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

WRITING DESKS for young people, DRAGGAMMON BOARDS, INK STANDS, PAPER WEIGHTS, POST OFFICE BOXES, PAPER FILES, BRISTOL BOARD.

Together with a variety of

FANCY ARTICLES,
Among which are things suitable for boys, misses and grown up people.

Store up stairs over Harmon's.

Proprietor Newberry Herald.
Dec. 16, 50-1f.

For Sale or Rent.
The house now occupied by C. B. Blais as a store, is for sale or rent. Persons wishing to treat for the purchase of it can apply to L. H. McGaughrin, or address the subscriber at Charlestown Depot, S. C. & C. R. R. Persons wishing to rent can get the store with the five rooms above and below, or the upper rooms can be rented for families and have a private entrance to the alley. The rooms are commodious and well lighted.

By SIMEON PRATT.
Dec. 16, 50-2t.

NOTICE.
Having made a settlement on the Estate of Elizabeth Wright, deceased, notice is hereby given that I will apply to the Probate Judge for Newberry County for a Final Discharge as Administrator of said deceased, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Thursday, the 14th day of January next.

J. A. HENRY, Adm'r.
Dec. 16, 50-5t.

New & Miscellaneous.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

A Short Postponement of the Fifth Gift Concert.

As manager of the gift concert given in aid of the Public Library of Newberry, my position creates an important trust in behalf of the Public Library and the ticket-holders of the Fifth Gift Concert. The Public Library of Newberry and the ticket-holders are jointly interested in the amount of the drawing. The larger the fund to be distributed in gifts, the greater will be the gift awarded to each lucky ticket-holder, and the more the amount realized by the Library. To have a full drawing of 50,000 tickets, I deem it due to the trust confided to me by ticket-holders and the Public Library of Newberry, that a short postponement be made to enable me to dispose of the unsold tickets, and have a full drawing. Through the very large amount now in bank would enable me to distribute handsome gifts, yet we should feel disappointed in this our last concert, should we be compelled to make a fractional drawing, however large.

We have received very large number of letters from all parts of the country from those most largely interested, urging a postponement of all the tickets be not sold by the day, but we feel strongly in our favor of duty to the ticket-holders and the Public Library, to make the postponement. Under the circumstances, we have determined, in the interest of all parties, to postpone the concert and drawing to Saturday, February 7, 1875, at which time the drawing will be made, and the tickets will be sold by the day, and the money paid for tickets secured preserved against all contingencies not after the payment of the gifts, after which the expenses are to be reimbursed and the Public Library is to be paid its profits.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Manager and Manager.

LAND FOR SALE.
If not sold at private sale before Saturday in January next, that valuable Plantation known as KINARD'S FUR, OUT, containing

TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SEVEN ACRES,
more or less, will be offered to the highest bidder, at Newberry, S. C., during the legal hours of sale. The place is situated on the right bank of the Laurens River, and is owned by J. J. Reeder, Mrs. Gore, Mrs. Speake and others.

As it is certain that the Laurens River will rise in January next, there by greatly increasing the value of this place, it is a very desirable Plantation. On the place is a LARGE BRICK STORE, one of the best business stands in the country. JAS. Y. McFALL.

Dec. 16, 50-2t.

NOTICE.
Pursuant to the order of the Hon. James C. Leary, Judge of Probate, we will sell, at the late residence of Williams Welch, deceased,

On Wednesday, the 30th Day of December, 1874,

FOR CASH, the following Personal Property belonging to the Estate of said deceased, to-wit:

25 Bales of Cotton.
Cotton Seed.
Cotton Fodder.
One Mare, two Mules.
One Saddle.
One Horse Wagon.
Cotton Gin, two Thrashers.
Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c., &c.

Terms of Sale—CASH.
ROBERT A. WELCH,
As Ex'or of late Will of Williams Welch, dec'd.

Dec. 9, 1874—50-3t.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF NEWBERRY.—IN THE COMMON PLEAS.
David H. Buzzard, et al.

Against
Henry Buzzard.

Execution Against Property.

By virtue of an Execution in the above styled case, to me directed, I will sell, at Newberry, S. C., on

On the First Monday in January Next,

at public outcry, and to the highest bidder, the following Real Estate, situate and lying in the County and State aforesaid, and consisting of

Sixty [60] Acres,
more or less, and bounded by lands of J. J. Gallman, Mrs. Elizabeth Reel and others, the same being lying and adjoining to the Estate of Henry Buzzard, dec'd.

TERMS CASH. Purchaser to pay for papers. J. J. CARRINGTON, S. N. C. Sheriff's Office, Dec. 16, 1874.

Dec. 16, 50-3t.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF NEWBERRY.—IN THE COMMON PLEAS.
James J. Reeder, Adm'r, et al.

Against
Lorick & Lowrance.

Execution Against Property.

By virtue of an Execution in the above styled case, to me directed, I will sell, at Newberry, S. C., on

On the First Monday in January Next,

at public outcry, and to the highest bidder, the following Real Estate, situate and lying in the County and State aforesaid, and consisting of

TWO HUNDRED (200) ACRES,
more or less, and bounded by lands of James J. Lane, A. Y. W. Glynn, B. B. McCrary and others. Lying upon the property of Laura G. Blackwell.

TERMS OF SALE CASH. Purchaser to pay for papers. J. J. CARRINGTON, S. N. C. Sheriff's Office, Dec. 16, 1874.

Dec. 16, 50-3t.